

Algebra II to Precal, Cal, Trig

Date SY 2018-2019 _____ Period _____

State the quadrant in which the terminal side of each angle lies.

1) -296°

- A) II B) I
C) IV D) III

2) 245°

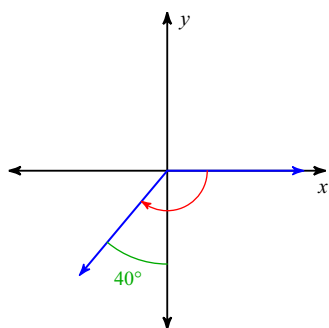
- A) III B) I
C) IV D) II

3) 120°

- A) I B) III
C) IV D) II

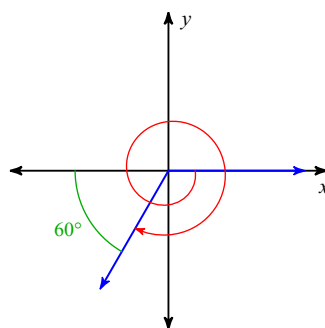
Find the measure of each angle.

4)



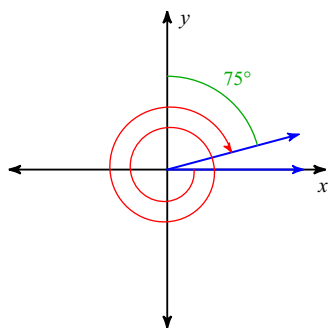
- A) -130° B) 230°
C) -110° D) -230°

5)



- A) -485° B) -500°
C) -510° D) -480°

6)

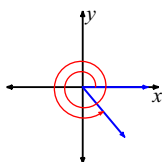


- A) -690° B) -685°
C) 705° D) -705°

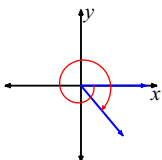
Draw an angle with the given measure in standard position.

7) 670°

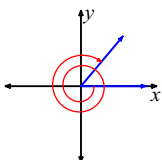
A)



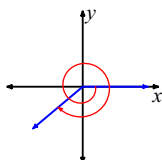
B)



C)

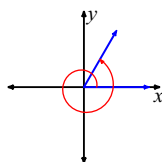


D)

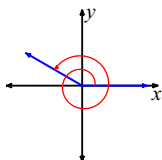


8) 600°

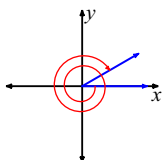
A)



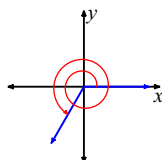
B)



C)



D)



Simplify each expression.

9) $-\frac{12x^3}{18x}$

A) $3x^2$

B) $-\frac{2x^2}{3}$

C) $\frac{1}{3x^2}$

D) $-\frac{3}{2x^2}$

10) $\frac{56x^2}{80x^4}$

A) $\frac{7}{10x^2}$

B) $\frac{3x^4}{4}$

C) $2x$

D) $\frac{4}{3x^4}$

11) $\frac{n+2}{4n^2+8n}$

A) $\frac{1}{4n}$

B) $\frac{2n+7}{9}$

C) $\frac{1}{n-2}$

D) $n-5$

12) $\frac{n^2+11n+18}{n+2}$

A) $\frac{1}{4n}$

B) $n-7$

C) $n+9$

D) $\frac{6n^2}{3n-4}$

$$13) \frac{x^2 + x - 72}{x^2 + 15x + 54}$$

$$A) \frac{x-6}{x+7} \quad B) \frac{x-8}{x+6}$$

$$C) \frac{x+10}{x+1} \quad D) \frac{x+7}{x-6}$$

$$14) \frac{6k^2 + 9k}{9k^2 + 6k}$$

$$A) \frac{3k-7}{5k-3} \quad B) \frac{2k+3}{3k+2}$$

$$C) \frac{5k-3}{3k-7} \quad D) \frac{5}{8k}$$

Factor each completely.

$$15) r^4 + 10r^3 + 21r^2$$

$$A) r^2(r+7)(r+3) \\ B) r^2(r-4)(r+1) \\ C) r^2(r+7)(r-3) \\ D) (r-7)(r+3)$$

$$16) 2n^2 - 24n + 64$$

$$A) 2(n-3)(n-4) \\ B) (n-4)(n-8) \\ C) 2(n-4)(n-8) \\ D) 2(n-4)(n+8)$$

$$17) a^3 + 14a^2 + 40a$$

$$A) a(a+4)(a+10) \\ B) a(a-4)(a+10) \\ C) a(a+4)(a-10) \\ D) 3(a-5)(a-1)$$

$$18) 4r^2 + 8r - 12$$

$$A) 4(r+1)(r-3) \\ B) 4(r-1)(r-3) \\ C) 4(r-1)(r+3) \\ D) 2r(r+6)$$

$$19) 30x^3 - 72x^2 + 24x$$

$$A) 6(5x-2)(x+2) \\ B) 6x(5x-2)(x-2) \\ C) 6(5x+2)(x+2) \\ D) 30(x-2)(x+2)$$

$$20) 3n^2 - 38n + 80$$

$$A) (3n+80)(n+1) \\ B) (3n-8)(n-10) \\ C) (n-8)(3n+10) \\ D) (3n+2)(n+40)$$

$$21) 32n^2 + 24n$$

$$A) 16n(2n+1) \quad B) 8n(4n+1) \\ C) 8n(4n+3) \quad D) 8n(4n-3)$$

Evaluate each function at the given value.

$$22) f(m) = m^3 + 6m^2 + 4m - 25 \text{ at } m = -4$$

$$A) -6 \quad B) -11 \\ C) -9 \quad D) 1$$

$$23) f(n) = n^3 + n^2 + 5 \text{ at } n = -1$$

$$A) 5 \quad B) 7 \\ C) -1 \quad D) -4$$

Simplify.

24) $(4m^4)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

- A) $2m^2$ B) $1000000m^6$
C) $9m^6$ D) m^3

25) $(8x^6)^{\frac{2}{3}}$

- A) $4x^4$ B) x^{10}
C) $1000x^3$ D) $625x^4$

Simplify each expression.

26) $\frac{2b}{3} + \frac{b-1}{2b^2+10b}$

- A) $\frac{4b^3+22b^2+13b-3}{6b(b+5)}$
B) $\frac{4b^3+22b^2+10b-3}{6b(b+5)}$
C) $\frac{4b^3+24b^2+20b-3}{6b(b+5)}$
D) $\frac{4b^3+20b^2+3b-3}{6b(b+5)}$

27) $\frac{3x}{3x^2-3x} + \frac{2x}{3}$

- A) $\frac{5x}{3(x^2-x+1)}$
B) $\frac{3+2x^2-2x}{3(x-1)}$
C) $\frac{3+x^2-x}{3(x-1)}$
D) $\frac{5x-3}{2x(x-1)}$

28) $\frac{a-4}{a^2+a-12} + \frac{2}{a^2+a-12}$

- A) $\frac{4a^2-7a+3}{36a^2+432a+1296}$
B) $\frac{2a-2}{a^2+a-12}$
C) $\frac{a-2}{a^2+a-12}$
D) $\frac{3a-2}{2a^2+a-24}$

29) $\frac{x+1}{9x^2-54x} - \frac{x-4}{9x^2-54x}$

- A) $\frac{x-10}{4x+16}$ B) $\frac{3x-10}{4x+16}$
C) $\frac{5}{9x^2-54x}$ D) $\frac{x-5}{2x+8}$

Solve each equation. Remember to check for extraneous solutions.

30) $\frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{1}{3n^2} + \frac{5n-20}{3n^2}$

- A) $\{4\}$ B) $\left\{-\frac{22}{5}\right\}$
C) $\left\{-\frac{22}{5}, 3\right\}$ D) $\left\{\frac{22}{5}\right\}$

31) $\frac{p-4}{3p} + \frac{1}{3p} = \frac{1}{p}$

- A) $\{4\}$ B) $\{6\}$
C) $\left\{-\frac{17}{6}\right\}$ D) $\{-4\}$

Simplify each expression.

32) $-8n + 7n$

- A) $-4n$ B) $-13n$
C) $-3n$ D) $-n$

33) $-6n + 8n$

- A) $-12 - 11n$ B) $-12 - 5n$
C) $2n$ D) $12n$

34) $7x + 2x$

- A) $x - 9$ B) $9x$
C) $12x$ D) $-7x - 9$

35) $-2(-10x - 3)$

- A) $20x + 6$ B) $3 - 17x$
C) $3 - 25x$ D) $3 - 24x$

36) $-5(v - 3)$

- A) $-5v + 15$ B) $-14v + 6$
C) $4v - 24$ D) $-4 - 12v$

37) $-3x - 4(x + 2)$

- A) $-7x - 8$ B) $6 - 33x$
C) $-7x - 3$ D) $-8 + 7x$

38) $-10 + 5(2x + 8)$

- A) $30 + 10x$ B) $15x + 21$
C) $27 + 10x$ D) $36 + 10x$

39) $\frac{11}{2} \left(\frac{47}{10}n - \frac{9}{5} \right) + \frac{7}{3}n$

- A) $\frac{1}{3}n + \frac{29}{6}$
B) $-\frac{1031}{90} + \frac{1691}{60}n$
C) $\frac{1691}{60}n - \frac{99}{10}$
D) $-\frac{139}{10} + \frac{1691}{60}n$

Solve each equation.

40) $-216 = 4(8b + 2)$

- A) No solution. B) $\{-8\}$
C) $\{-1\}$ D) $\{-7\}$

41) $-262 = -8(5 - 4m) + 2$

- A) $\{9\}$ B) $\{15\}$
C) $\{-7\}$ D) $\{3\}$

42) $8(8r - 2) = 304$

- A) $\{15\}$ B) $\{0\}$
C) $\{-1\}$ D) $\{5\}$

43) $-4 \left(\frac{11}{3}a + \frac{4}{3} \right) = -\frac{368}{3}$

- A) $\{8\}$ B) No solution.
C) $\{-2\}$ D) $\left\{ \frac{5}{8} \right\}$

$$44) \frac{493}{4} = 2\left(7p + \frac{31}{8}\right)$$

$$A) \left\{-3\frac{2}{15}\right\} \quad B) \left\{\frac{7}{6}\right\}$$

$$C) \left\{\frac{33}{4}\right\} \quad D) \left\{\frac{1}{5}\right\}$$

Find all roots.

$$45) x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x - 12 = 0$$

$$A) \{-3, 2, -2\}$$

$$B) \{-3, 2, -1\}$$

$$C) \{-3, -2, -1\}$$

$$D) \{-3, -2 \text{ mult. } 2\}$$

$$46) x^3 + 4x^2 + 3x = 0$$

$$A) \{0, -5, -1\}$$

$$B) \{0, -1 \text{ mult. } 2\}$$

$$C) \{0, -3, -1\}$$

$$D) \{0, -3 \text{ mult. } 2\}$$

Solve each equation by factoring.

$$47) x^2 + 7 = -8x$$

$$A) \{-6, 0\}$$

$$B) \{2, 3\}$$

$$C) \{1, 7\}$$

$$D) \{-1, -7\}$$

$$48) b^2 = -28 + 11b$$

$$A) \{1, 0\}$$

$$B) \{-7, -4\}$$

$$C) \{-4, -8\}$$

$$D) \{7, 4\}$$

Simplify. Your answer should contain only positive exponents.

$$49) 4a^3 \cdot 2b$$

$$A) 8a^3b$$

$$B) 2b^5$$

$$C) 12b^7a^4$$

$$D) b^5a^2$$

$$50) 2x \cdot 4x^2$$

$$A) 3x^4y^3$$

$$B) 8x^3$$

$$C) 48x^9y$$

$$D) \frac{8x^3}{y}$$